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Code Number:87/2/3



INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
THIRD PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION
SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS: X

Sub.Code: 087

Time Allotted: 3 Hrs

01.02.2018

SET - 3

Max.Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- i. Marks are indicated against each question.
- ii. The question paper has 28 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- iii. Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries one mark.
- iv. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- v. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- vi. Question numbers 26 & 27 are map questions from History with 1 mark each.
- vii. Question number 28 is map question of 3 marks from Geography.
- viii. Q. Nos. 26, 27 and 28 (map based questions) one outline political map of India is provided. After completion the work, attach the map inside your answer book.
- ix. Questions at Serial Number - 20, 21, 22 & 25 have Internal Choice. Attempt any one option out of the given in each of these questions.

- 1 Name two Indian Companies which are also known as MNC. ($\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$) 1
- 2 Point out the main objective of **MGNREGA 2005**. 1
- 3 In which year United Nations adopted the 'UN Guidelines for Consumer Protection'? 1
- 4 Define the term 'Democracy Reform'. 1
- 5 Name the cities connected by Golden Quadrilateral Super Highway. 1
- 6 What was the strong demand of the emerging middle classes in Europe during nineteenth century? 1
OR
Name the writer who wrote the book 'The History of the Loss of Vietnam.'
- 7 Who perfected power-driven cylindrical press? 1
OR
What do you understand by 'Epistolary'?
- 8 Explain the important characteristics of Black soils. 3
- 9 Water is a renewable resource yet there is water scarcity in many parts of the country. Analyse the causes of water scarcity. 3

- 10 Who brought printing to Europe? What was 'vellum'? 'The production of handwritten manuscripts could not satisfy the ever-increasing demand for books'. Why? Explain any one reason. (1+1+1=3) 3
- OR**
- 11 Name any one woman novelist? 'Women and world of novel'. Explain with examples. (1+2=3) 3
- 11 Why was Frankfurt National assembly convened? Why did it fail? (2+1=3) 3
- OR**
- 12 How did Paul Bernard argue in favour of economic development of Vietnam? Explain. 3
- 12 "Some people conclude that politics and social divisions should not be allowed to mix." Support this idea with two arguments. ($1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}=3$) 3
- 13 Assess the Centre- State relations before and after 1990. 3
- 14 What is 'transparency'-How has this mechanism contributed to hold the Government accountable in democracy? 3
- 15 What is the main criterion used by the World Bank in classifying different countries? 3
- 15 What are the limitations of this criterion?(3)
- 16 Why is the tertiary sector becoming so important in India? Explain any three reasons. 3
- 17 Write a brief account on WTO in the Globalization process. 3
- 18 What precautions do you suggest for consumer to take while purchasing medicines from the market? 3
- 19 Which crop is known as Golden Fibre? Describe its soil and temperature requirement for its growth along with its largest producer in India. Why is this crop losing market from synthetic fibres? (1+3+1) 5
- OR**
- What are the uses of Petroleum or Mineral Oil? Give an account of the distribution of petroleum in India. (2+3)
- 20 "Manufacturing sector is considered the backbone of development in general and economic development in particular." Justify the statement by giving examples. 5
- 21 Describe the vital and positive role of credit with examples. 5
- OR**
- "Cheap and affordable credit is crucial for the country's development." Support your answer with specific reasons.
- 22 "All over the world, people express their dissatisfaction with the failure of political parties to perform their functions well." Analyse the statement with arguments. 5
- OR**
- What was the main objective of starting BSP as a National Party? Discuss the main features of National and State Parties.(1+2+2=5)
- 23 Why in India a third tier of administration introduced? Examine the structure of Rural Panchayathi Raj system. (2+3=5) 5
- 24 'Mass production became an important feature of the US economy and industrial production started by late nineteenth century'. Who was responsible for this change? Explain briefly about his contributions towards US economy. (1+4=5) 5

OR

‘In the twentieth century, handloom cloth production expanded steadily almost trebling between 1900 and 1940’. Explain how did it happen? (5)

OR

“Bombay films have contributed in a big way to produce an image of the city as a blend of dream and reality, of slums and star bungalows”. Justify. (5x1=5)

25 How had Non-Cooperation Movement spread to countryside? Explain. 5

OR

Why did Gandhiji decide to re-launch a nationwide Satyagraha against the proposed Rowlatt Act 1919? How was it organized? Explain. (2+3=5)

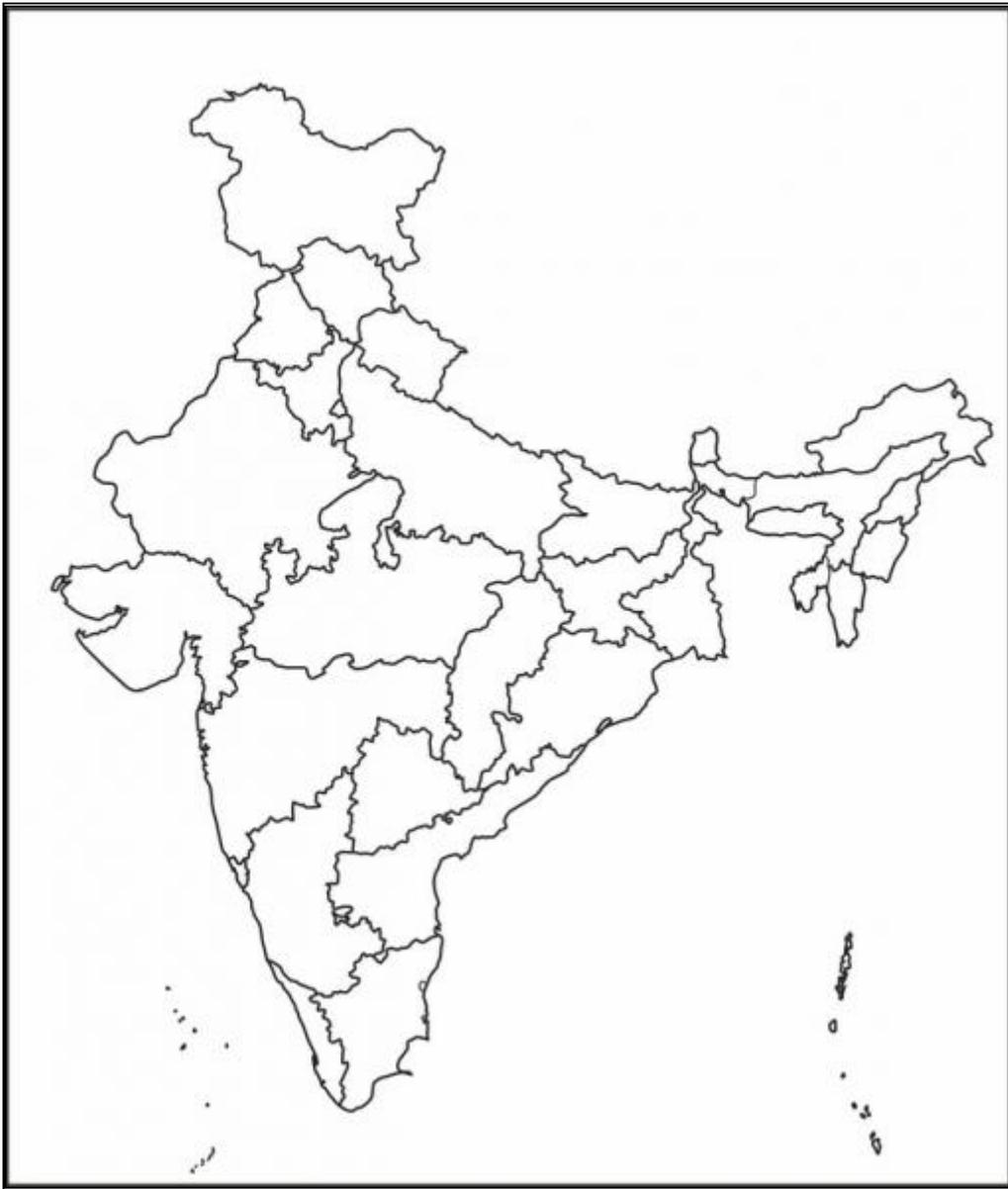
26 Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India: 1
The place where the Indian National Congress session demanded ‘Poorna Swarj’ in 1929.

27 Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India: 1
The place where Mahatma Gandhi called off Non Cooperation Movement in 1922.

28 Map Work: Locate & Label in the political map of India.

- A Sardar Sarovar Dam
- B Jharia Coal Mines
- C Vishakhapatnam Seaport

OUTLINE MAP OF INDIA



Q 26:-----

Q 27:-----

Q 28:-----



End of the Question Paper